

.....Action – Forward!



GOD BLESS NIGERIA

The document highlights the manifesto of Action Democratic Party.

2016



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Manifesto is a Public Declaration of Principles, Policies or Intentions





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DOCUMENT STRUCTURE

VISION & MISSION	5
1. ADP COMMITMENT	6
2. ADP CORE VALUES	7
3. ADP DRIVERS AND ASPIRATIONS	8
4. OUTLINE OF CHALLENGES	9
5. ADP FUNDAMENTAL PRINCIPLES	12
6. TASK OF GOVERNANCE	13
7. STRATEGIES FOR GOVERNANCE AND DEVELOPMENT	14
8. DELIVERABLES	35
7. PLEDGE	38

VISION:



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A Secure, Stable and Egalitarian

Nigeria where Democracy and Rule of Law Reign

Slogan:

"ADP - "ONE DESTINY"

Motto:

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MISSION:

To provide Responsive leadership that is transparent and accountable to the people.



1. ADP COMMITMENT

ADP will ensure that all citizens:

Will be free to achieve their God-given potentials without any hindrance, nor imposed limitation or constraint.

Will gain prosperity through value addition and wealth creation based upon the abundant economic opportunities.

Will enjoy health through the promotion of wellness, self-fulfillment, satisfaction and freedom from preventable diseases and consequences of natural calamities.

Will go about their lives safe from the negative consequences of human actions (social, economic and political) through the enthronement of equity, justice, fairness and fear of God.

Will experience sustainable development to satisfy basic needs and enjoy a better quality of life in the country devoid of threat, aggression and degradation, without compromising the quality of life of future generation.

PARTY MANIFESTO



2.ADP CORE VALUES



Good Governance

Build a true and viable social democratic system; an All-inclusive governance style, devoid of tribal, gender or sectional considerations, in order to decisively deal with all socio – economic vices, and setting in motion a sequence for a New Nigeria, the Nigeria of our dreams. Moving from rhetoric to ACTION.

Servant Leadership

Build people as the main and prime resource of the Nation with strong structures and institutions devoid of personal interests and considerations. Allow people to take responsibility and be active participants as well as play leading roles in the new Nigeria project where the common good is paramount and supreme. Foster unity, brotherhood and engender patriotism and spirit for service amongst young enterprising patriots and lay a solid foundation for a new generation of leaders for national rebirth.

Innovation

Provide platforms and initiatives to lead to sustainable innovations, technological advancements, economic regeneration, industrialization, and growth of entrepreneurship.

Transparency

Promote the culture of transparency in all aspects of governance and conduct.

Accountability

Promote the Rule of Law and the culture of accountability in all aspects of governance and conduct.



3. ADP DRIVES AND ASPIRATIONS

- 1. To institutionalize true democratic governance system and separation of powers
- 2. To enthrone the Nigerian citizen as the prime natural resource of the Nation and restore self-worth and ownership of development programs.
- 3. To strengthen the three tiers of Government by optimizing their potentials for sustainable socio-economic growth and development.
- 4. To decentralize power at the centre through devolution of powers to the States, Local Governments, and Communities (Wards) for rapid, sustained and balanced national development.
- 5. To exploit and harness our rich human and material resources for scientific and technological development.
- 6. To empower and maximize the value of our youth and women with ideas and launch them as shining stars for the common good of the nation.
- 7. To protect and defend all Nigerian citizens irrespective of gender both at home and anywhere in the world.
- 8. To diversify the economy through innovation, industrialization and technological development in agriculture, and solid minerals development, as well as revitalize other key sectors of growth such as the services sector.
- 9. To restore the glory of Nigeria in the comity of nations through proactive enthronement of integrity, transparency, accountability and respect for the Rule of Law.
- 10.To propagate quality service delivery and patriotism through education and incentives for right attitude and merit.
- 11.To proactively engage citizens in development paradigm with bottom up approaches and strategic action plan to address their needs.
- 12.To strengthen all institutions of wealth creation while bringing many people out of poverty and bring about prosperity to our people.
- 13.To uphold the sanctity of our rule of law and the Constitution of the Federal Republic of Nigeria.



4. OUTLINE OF CHALLENGES AND SITUATION ANALYSIS

WHAT WE NEED AS NIGERIANS



A: WE NEED FREEDOM, BECAUSE; POLITICALLY WE:

- Live in self-imposed invisible chains.
- Have weak, non-inclusive and divisive leadership structure.
- Use poor communication framework for program delivery and feedback.
- Promote and sustain a culture of violence and fear as means of governance.
- Personalize party political structure.
- Enthrone mediocrity as against merit.
- Lack vision for development and measurable deliverables.
- Have cultivated poor public service culture through undue political interference.
- Have inadequate and inappropriate capacity to respond to current service delivery demands.
- Have not coordinated and harmonized development efforts at all tiers of government.
- Have not addressed the existing inequitable distribution of scarce resources.

SOCIALLY WE:

 Promote issues of division and a culture of suspicion as against unity and trust.

PARTY MANIFESTO



- Lack the setting to promote and nurture cohesion and unity.
- Have poorly developed publicity and communication frameworks to promote social relationship management.
- Lack cultural heritage capacity to appreciate and manage diversity

B: WE NEED PROSPERITY BECAUSE;

ECONOMICALLY WE:

- Suffer high rates of unemployment, above 30% and poverty, about 70%.
- Have low levels of private economic activity and industrial base.
- Suffer from inadequate power and other supply of infrastructure.
- Depend on disproportionate high level of government expenditure in relation to consumer spending.
- Experience low Human Development Index (school enrollment, child mortality rate, access to water and sanitation, health services, life expectancy).
- Face inadequate budgetary provisions and limited access to other funding options.
- Produce low internally generated revenue.
- Suffer high leakage of government funds.
- Experience poor access to quality education, health, water and other social infrastructure.

C: WE NEED WELLBEING BECAUSE; DEMOGRAPHICALLY WE:

- Wallow in preventable poverty-generating diseases.
- Lack strategies to address rapid unhealthy urban drift and high population growth.
- Die too young, living behind many widows, widowers and helpless children.
- Stay off work too often due to illnesses and so diminish our success rate.

PHYSICALLY WE:

- Live with unacceptable levels of environmental polution and degradation.
- Experience poor and inadequate utilities such as Water Supply, Power, Markets, Waste Management, Urban Transport, Roads and Drains
- Face housing deficit and proliferation of slums 60% of population live in slums.
- Lack the techniques to create sustainable infrastructure development.
- Low private sector participation in infrastructure delivery

D: WE NEED SECURITY BECAUSE; INTERPERSONALLY WE:

- Live in fear of one another.
- Resort to violence to settle personal and community disputes.



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- Compromise the capacity of law enforcers to provide effective service.
- Misuse the judiciary and hamper their effort to dispense justice fairly.

SPIRITUALLY WE:

- Prostitute our conscience to harmful underworld practices.
- Lack wisdom or sustainable guidance for decisions that benefit the populace.
- Exchange the fear of God and His righteousness with selfish and murderous acts.
- Undermine Godly virtues such as equity, justice and fair play in pursuit of momentary pleasures and monetary benefits.

E: WE NEED SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT BECAUSE;

ENVIROMENTALLY WE:

- Lack accessible capacity to satisfy basic needs.
- Treat environmental problems with neglect and to our detriment.
- Suffer environmental soil erosion, forestry degradation, man-made disasters (e.g. fire outbreaks, collapse buildings) and threat to protected species.

INTER-GENERATIONALLY WE:

- Spend little or no time to properly pass on cultural wisdom and value system to our children.
- Consume the goods of today as if there is no tomorrow.
- Compromise the quality of life of future generations.

IN PUBLIC SERVICE WE:

- Sanction undue political interference and manipulation.
- Have poor public service culture
- Have inadequate and inappropriate capacity to respond to current service delivery demands
- Have limited vision, mandate, poorly defined tasks, targets and milestones to measure performance



5. ADP FUNDAMENTAL PRINCIPLES

- A All-inclusive government at all levels
- **D** -Democratic empowerment of youth
- **P** -Party supremacy



6. TASK OF GOVERNANCE

- Promotion of peace, unity and security for Nigeria based on justice, equity, and the fear of God''
- Promotion of grassroots mobilization and education for political, social and economic change as well as for integration and sustainable development.
- Development of Human Capital as a driving force for engagement in Political, Social and Economic activities.
- Provision of Social, Economic and Physical Infrastructure for value, wealth creation and for rapid economic growth.
- Promotion of good governance based on transparency, accountability and integrity.



7. STRATEGIES FOR GOVERNANCE AND DEVELOPMENT

POLITICAL ADMINSTRATION:

i) Good Governance

- Deploy the tenets of transformational/servant leadership across all the strata of government.
- Ensure that budgets are timely passed and budget performance made public within the year
- Maintain slim, but detailed, governance structure that is nimble (with clear accountability) and focused on achieving results like a laser.
- Run the governance machinery on the platform of e-government to provide timely and accurate data for decision making.
- Train staff at all levels to use the IT facilities and to ensure that the facility is not compromised.
- Deploy a robust internet and intranet structure to manage data effectively and efficiently.
- Manage individual and team performance with clearly delineated deliverables.
- Cultivate strategic relations with development partners globally to deliver results of tangible Development Nationwide.
- Create an environment that supports high levels of investment and growth.
- Make growth inclusive to reduce inequity.
- Institutionalize town hall meetings at various levels (National, State, Local Governments, Wards and towns, villages and hamlets) with the grassroots for input and feedback on government actions and policies.
- Sensitize the people to be active and take ownership of the reform process.
- Promote effective multi- tier cooperation at all levels of government.
- Create the enabling environment in order to attract resourceful, bright, young, dynamic and achievement-driven individuals into political parties and public service. Also promote mentorship, internships, in academics and attract the best and brightest internationally into our politics and public service. Drive towards developing all identifiable talents in our human resource through a network of training facilities in collaboration with our private sector.
- Restructure and reengineer government and governance for a leaner, more efficient and adequately compensated public service;
- Strengthen the Freedom of Information Act (FOIA) to require full disclosure in selected media outlets for all government contracts over a



particular threshold that is not below N100M prior to award, and encourage oversight by citizens during implementation.

• Widen the Local Content Legislation to cover every sector of the economy for a sustainable wealth creation and capacity development.

ii) Public Service Re-engineering

- Re-engineer the public service for innovation, change management, service delivery, client focus, effectiveness and efficiency.
- Ensure that all MDAs are given yearly targets and their budgets as well as performances are published yearly.
- Undertake training needs assessments of every public sector Agency and carry out massive training programs and retraining for repositioning in line with new predetermined expectations and economic realities.
- Encourage placement and promotions based upon performance and merit.
- Recreate a public service that is dynamic, robust, stable and ready to uphold the tenets of the service and loyalty to the state institutions above persons.
- Promote and implement the Public Procurement Act to guide all public procurement activities, while providing sufficient protection for our local entrepreneurs that will enable them grow and be competitive.
- Provide institutional capacity building for the public service to adopt global best practices in service delivery, and to handle undue political interference.
- Carry out value engineering auditing to streamline cost of operation and entitlements.
- Undertake pension reforms in line with the new pension Act in order to guarantee peaceful and prosperous retirement for our senior citizens.
- Manage data on biometrics for public servants and pensioners to promote their welfare and eliminate fraud and inefficiency.
- Restructure the Federal Ministries as follows:
 - 1. Defence
 - 2. Interior and Homeland Security
 - 3. Finance
 - 4. Education
 - 5. Health
 - 6. Agriculture
 - 7. Water Resources
 - 8. Trade & Industry & Private Sector Development
 - 9. Infrastructure
 - 10. Power

PARTY MANIFESTO



- 11. Housing, Rural and Urban Development
- 12. Environment & Sustainable Development
- 13. Railways and Aviation
- 14. Sports and Youths
- 15. National Planning and Regional development
- 16. Metallurgy and Steel Development
- 17. Women Affairs & Physically challenged
- 18. FCT
- 19. Minerals Development
- 20. Foreign Affairs
- 21. Petroleum Resources
- 22. Information and Strategy
- 23. ICT
- 24. Culture and Tourism
- 25. Science, Technology, Innovation & Skills development
- 26. Labour and Employment
- Restructure the Federal Parastatals to remove duplication and overlap of functions.

iii) Strengthening of Independent Government Institutions

- Support the National Assembly with the objective to initiate action to amend our Constitution to correct all structural imbalances, reduce cost of governance at all levels, promote accountability and devolving powers, duties and responsibilities to states and local governments in order to eventuate in true Federalism and a constitutionally guaranteed three-tier government structure, to increase Local government autonomy as the third tier and to require local governments to publish their budgets and performance.
- Support amendment of constitution to restructure the legislature at all levels of government to reflect economic realities and viability of the constituent structure.
- Support amendment of the Constitution to remove immunity from prosecution for elected officers in criminal cases.
- Strengthen INEC by deepening the democratic content and independence of operations in order to reduce/ eliminate electoral malpractices; prosecute electoral offenders and introduction of electronic voting and collation of results.
- Overhaul the electoral system to ensure candidates presents plans and programs through structured debates
- Entrench integrated institutional instruments and mechanisms to prevent abuse of executive, legislative and public offices through greater accountability, transparency and strict enforcement of anti-corruption laws whilst strengthening the EFCC and ICPC.



iv) Foreign Policy:

- Focus on Africa as the center piece of our foreign policy to promote integration, trade, security concerns and industrialization
- Build upon the concrete psychological foundations laid by prior administrations both military and civilian within the context of the African Union and the global community ,to make regional integration a priority within ECOWAS including free trade with a view to ensuring that a common tariff and currency are achieved by 2020 under Nigeria's guidance and leadership;
- To maintain strong, ,mutually beneficial, close and frank relationships within the Gulf of Guinea, the Commonwealth, South Africa and the rest of the world;
- Institute a unique partnership and maintain and sustain new special relationship with the leading emerging markets like Brazil, Russia, India, China and Republic of South Africa (BRICS) and other strategic partners around the world.
- Review all bi-lateral and multi-lateral agreements to ensure maximum benefits to the country.

v) Basic Needs and Quality Of Life:

• Reorganise and reorient entire economic and social systems to improve incomes, meet basic needs, and bring about radical changes in structures, attitudes, customs and beliefs.

xxi) Future Generations:

- Govern, not only for today, but also for tomorrow a government of longrange view.
- Demand that "Future Generations Impact Assessment" report be submitted for all developmental activities/projects.

iii) Unity and Social Cohesion

Transform the National Institute for Peace and Conflict Resolution into a Conflict Resolution Commission, in addition to its existing mandate and as part of the process of harmonizing number of Federal Parastatals, an all-embracing cross cultural commission to investigate causes of conflicts, disunity, mistrust and violence amongst the various ethnic groups for dialogue and solution which shall be pragmatically implemented, this will help prevent, mitigate and resolve civil conflicts within the polity and bring permanent peace and solution to the conflict prone areas. Embark on State- wide reconciliation efforts.



Initiate policies to ensure that Nigerians are free to live and work in any part of the country by removing state of origin, tribe, ethnic and religious affiliations and replace those with state of residence in tandem with other affirmative action legislation to protect the financially marginalized components from across the social strata of Nigerian society.

ECONOMIC MANAGEMENT:

i) Management Of The Economy

Nigeria is operating an unsustainable fiscal program with capital expenditure less than 30% of budget and recurrent expenditure ballooning out of proportion. Nigeria has one of the fastest rates of urbanization in the world (3.5%) with a relatively stagnant secondary sector and the concomitant high unemployment rate ,there are deliberate well researched and well sequenced plans by an Action Democratic Party government to sufficiently grow the secondary sector of the economy especially manufacturing and the service sectors to absorb the surge of the labor force to the urban areas and compositely transform the rural areas in order to decisively stem the rural – urban drift and make manageable the prospective rate of the urban unemployment, with an eye to positively impact the poverty situation to redound in enhanced benefits to all Nigerians.

- Ensure the total and complete restructuring of governance structure at all levels and the review of the fiscal responsibility act to limit recurrent expenditure to a maximum value less than the 40% of budget.
- Create a body of technocrats to manage macro and micro economic policies to create synergy with foreign exchange policy in order to create employment and economic growth.
- Maintain on a sustainable basis a sound macro-economic management policy, run an efficient government and preserve the independence of the Central Bank;
- Restore, reinvigorate and strengthen financial confidence by putting in place a robust monitoring, supervising and regulating framework for CBN / NDIC in respect of all financial institutions;
- Promote production in all sectors in order to make our economy one of the fastest growing emerging economies in the world with a real GDP growth of 5% 10% annually;
- Expand the functions of the National Planning Commission to coordinate regional integration and economic development in the six geo-political zones.
- Integrate the informal economy into the mainstream and prioritize the full implementation of the National Identification Scheme to generate the relevant data;
- Expand domestic demand and invest in expanded associated public works programs;
- Embark on export and production diversification including investment in infrastructure; promote manufacturing through agro based industries and expand sub-regional trade through ECOWAS and AU;
- Make Information Technology, Manufacturing, Agriculture, infrastructure provision and entertainment key drivers of our economy;
- Balance the economy across regions by the creation of 6 new Regional Economic Development Agencies (REDAs) to act as champions of sub-regional competitiveness;



- Put in place a N600bn regional growth fund (average of N100bn in each geopolitical region) to be managed by the REDAs, encourage private sector enterprise and support to help replaces current reliant on the public sector;
- Amend the Constitution and the Land Use Act to create freehold/leasehold interests in land along with matching grants for states to create a nationwide electronic land title registration system on a state by state basis;
- Create additional middle-class of at least 0.5 million new home owners in the first year in government and 1.0 million annually thereafter; by enacting a national mortgage system that will end at single digit interest rates for purchase of owner occupier houses.
- Work with the National Assembly to Legislate a Trade Facilitation Act that supports seamless movement of Trade across our land borders and the creation of Border Special Economic Zones, Free Trade Areas as well as Free Ports.
- Strengthen linkage between our Sea Ports, Rail system and our Inland Ports for enhanced Trade Facilitation and reduction of pressure on our Sea Ports
- Carry out a holistic implementation of Legal Metrology across all sectors of the Nigerian economy to establish standards in commerce and accuracy in measuring and weighing instruments use for domestic and international trade in the Federal Republic of Nigeria

ii) Poverty Alleviation

- Set up vocational and business skills development centers as appropriate in each state.
- Partner with private sector existing microfinance banks to provide credit to Small and Medium Enterprises.
- Provide support to encourage farming and small scale business development.
- Provide technical input (information on market, tools and equipment etc) to target groups.
- Promote small house hold size based upon economic realities.
- Mitigate key correlates of poverty found in Nigeria (regarding education, occupation, household size and age) through policy formulation and government direct interventions.

iii) Employment Generation

- Collect nationwide data on unemployment and underemployment.
- Create economic opportunities through support for self-initiatives, industrialization programs and general entrepreneurial development.
- Create business incubation centers.
- Provide access to necessary infrastructure (IT, power, water etc) in the rural areas model industrial estates to be created in each senatorial zones.
- Give priority to employment creation as employment has been identified as the key channel in the growth-poverty reduction nexus.



• Embark on vocational training, entrepreneurial and skills acquisition scheme, linked to the developed scarce skills colleges, for graduates along with the creation of Small Business Loan Guarantee Scheme to create at least 0.5 million new jobs every year, for the foreseeable future;

iv) Increased Internal Revenue Generation:

- Tap optimally all sources for internally generated resource for fiscal adequacy and self-sufficiency.
- Introduce a new revenue generation platform using cadasters, resource endowment, and economic indicators as inputs.
- Block all financial leakages in government business using available Information Technology Solutions.
- Leverage all funding options to drive development, including creative/innovative funding structuring for most infrastructure needs thereby freeing funds for government use in other important sectors. Examples of some of the funding structures are as presented in Figures 1 and 2.





government resources for payment.

Figure 2: Example of Structure of Concession Contract for road project





The Private Sector shall be mobilised to partner with government based upon their integrity and track record.

v) WOMEN AND YOUTH EMPOWERMENT & PHYSICALLY CHALLENGED:

- Reinforce the resilience and industriousness of women for development through women-friendly programs.
- Provide opportunities for micro-credits to women and youths through partnership with existing microfinance banking outlets.
- Organize trade fairs to showcase the entrepreneurial initiatives and abilities of women, with particular attention on rural women.
- Train and equip the youth with opportunities to develop and express themselves in line with their God-given talents and natural abilities.
- Institute world class training in sports and healthy competition to meaningfully and constructively engage the energies and imaginations of the youth.
- Promote policy to address inequities (gender, economic and physical).
- Abolish all contract appointments/ employment on selective base criteria.
- Ensure the rights of women are protected as enshrined in our Constitution;
- Guarantee that women are adequately represented in government appointments and provide greater opportunities in education, job creation and economic empowerment;
- Recognize and protect women empowerment and gender equality with special emphasis on economic activities in development and in rural areas;
- Encourage reasonable participation of women in the State House of Assemblies and National Assembly.

PROVISION OF EMPLOYMENT & INDUSTRIALIZATION:

- i) Agriculture, National Food and Nutrition Security
 - Modernize the sector and change Nigeria from being a country of selfsubsistence farmers to that of a medium/commercial scale farming nation/producer;
 - Enhance productivity for peasant farmers through generous disbursement of micro credit and farm inputs for small scale farmers whilst creating the enabling environment for new jobs in commercial agriculture and improved infrastructure in rural infrastructure. Plan towards food sufficiency within 5 years
 - Create a nationwide food inspectorate division with a view to improving nutrition and eliminating food-borne hazards;
 - Inject N30bn to the Agricultural sector to create more agro-allied jobs by way
 of loans at nominal interest rates for capital investment on medium and
 commercial scale cash crops through the Bank of Agriculture and Insurance
 Schemes;



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- Guarantee a minimum price for selected crops and facilitate storage of agricultural products as and when necessary at the strategic reserves to cover all states. Create storage facilities to take excess farming produce.
- Form farmers into general and specialized cooperatives.
- Create demonstration farms as appropriate to teach benefit of best practice, one per senatorial zone.
- Subsidize farming through farm inputs (fertilizers, improved seedlings, extension workers support services, credit, storage activities, chemicals etc.)
- Ensure equitable distribution of fertilizer and other farm inputs.
- Promote the use of compost as organic fertilizer from biodegradable solid waste.
- Establish nurseries for improved seedling production all over the state.
- Train and deploy farm extension workers.
- Promote the construction of earth dams for irrigation and water supply.
- Establish marketing strategy to benefit the real farmers and empower them.

ii) Industrialization

- Promote the setting up of mining industries in various State's based upon their comparative advantage with regard to:
 - Abundant Natural Resources (coal, lime stone, iron ore, arable and fertile land etc)
 - o Abundant Human Capital
 - National Geographical transportation efficiency
- Pursue a sustainability and symbiotic Policy for MSME's where existing large scale industries deliberately nurture the growth of smaller industries as markets for their outputs and also as inputs for some of their semifinished and fully finished products e.g. partnering with the existing Steel and Cement industries.
- Set up industrial estates as appropriate and partner with development finance institutions for funding and technical support.
- Strengthen existing Investment Company to play active role in furtherance of creating global awareness and participation in the inherent economic opportunities
- Formulate a robust industrialization policy and provide a conducive environment for a private sector led industrial base for the economy, promote entrepreneurship that would help usher in new industries, new jobs, new knowledge and utilization of information and communication technologies;
- Promote innovation by investing heavily in research, development, science and technology.



- Support diversification of our economy from export of primary materials to value added goods through supporting the establishment of a solid industrial base.
- Ensure that key agricultural products such as cocoa and rubber go through value addition as opposed to exporting raw materials for industries in other countries.
- Carry out resource mapping of the States to ensure sustainable development in association with development partners across the globe.
- Encourage private sector participation in any of the following industries

INDUSTRIAL			
Large Scale Industry		Small and Medium Scale Industry	
Agriculture	Mining	Others	
Livestock	Precious Stone	Cement	Food, & Beverages
Poultry	Limestone	Power plant	Textiles, Clothing and Leather
Fish	Baryte	Pharmaceuticals	Wood and Wood Products
Crop	Iron ore	Plastic & Rubber	Pulp, Paper and Paper Products
Fruits	Marble & Granite	Building materials	Chemical and Pharmaceuticals
		Electrical &	
Vegetable	Refractory	Electronics	Non Metallic Mineral Products
Processing	Kaolin	Soap & Detergent	Plastic and Rubber Product
Storage	Bentonite	Fertilizer	Basic Metal, Iron &Steel
Beverages	Coal	Chemicals & Paints	Others

iii) Agro Allied Industries

- Encourage various farming activities e.g. Poultry, Fish farming, cattle ranch, Cash crop farming and also demonstration farms.
- Provide market information alignment between farmers and industries.

Promote small scale processing industries for value addition. Industries for cashew, mango, oranges, palm oil etc shall be supported based on their comparative advantage in the state.

iv) Oil and Gas Industry:

Make the industry and Nigeria one of the world leading/cutting edge centers for clean oil and gas technologists, scientists, mega structure installation, drilling, processing, production engineers supported with best services and research facilities;

- Fully develop the sector's capacity to absorb more of the nation's new graduates in the labor market. Reposition the sector to produce more home-grown world class engineers and scientists;
- Modernize the NNPC and make it the national energy champion. Consider breaking it up into more efficient, commercially driven units and strip it of its regulatory powers and enable it tap into international capital market;



- Enforce the government master plan for oil companies to end flaring that pollutes the air and damages people's health and ensure that gas price is appropriate to meet the local demand in line with the New Gas Policy;
- Speedily pass the much-delayed Petroleum Industry Bill (PIB) and ensure that local content issues are fully addressed;
- Make Nigeria one the world's leading exporter of LNG through the creation of strategic partnerships.
- Employ cutting edge technologies for on line monitoring systems for supervising and surveillance of the industry activities in both Upstream and downstream sector in order to block financial leakages and cut down on operational losses.

PROVISION OF SOCIAL AMENTIES:

i) Provision of Quality Education:

- Ensure access to qualitative education at all levels which will produce transformational benefits for the public, through (i) building developmental education in school curriculum, (ii) promoting ICT literacy, (iii) introduction of entrepreneurial skill development, (iv) providing adequate infrastructure and manpower, and introducing gainful practical activities such as modelmaking, handicrafts, gardening, wood-work and metal-work.
 - ✓ Junior primary school shall be free in all public schools.
 - ✓ Scholarships for first Class Students to high institutions shall be guaranteed
 - ✓ Awards for best performing students will be introduced in all schools
 - ✓ Student vacation jobs shall be created to enhance continuous skill development
 - ✓ Welfare of teachers and their training needs will be met.
 - ✓ Complete rehabilitation of existing schools to desired standards with modern amenities including access to the internet.
- Give priority to adequate funding of Federal University and all other higher institutions, setting teaching and research targets to achieve.
- Open the University to foreign grants and Diaspora expertise in specific areas of learning, setting special niches in consultation with the University authority that will distinguish it from the others, and enhance the status of both the University and the graduates.
- Prepare our students to compete in the emerging global economy by, among other ways, prioritizing Science and Technology at all levels of education.



- Fully implement and enforce the provisions of the Universal Basic Education Act with emphasis on gender equity in primary and secondary school enrollment whilst improving the quality and substance of our schools;
- Targeting up to 15% of our annual budget for this critical sector whilst making substantial investments in training quality teachers at all levels of the educational system;
- Implement performance based education as against the current certificate based qualification;
- Enhance teacher training and improve the competence of teachers along with vigorous national inspection;
- Make learning experiences more meaningful for children and make education more cost-effective;
- Develop and promote effective use of innovative teaching methods/materials in schools;
- Ensure a greater proportion of expenditure on university education is devoted to Science and Technology with more spaces allocated to science and technology oriented courses;
- Establish technical colleges and vocational centers in each state of the federation;
- Provide more conducive environment for private sector participation in all levels of education;
- Establish six centers of excellence to address the needs of special education;

ii) Access To Primary Health Care

A healthy people is often said to be a wealthy people. Prioritize primary health programmes to address health challenges at the grassroots.

- Prioritize the reduction of the infant mortality rate from current 72.7 per 1000 to less than 50 per 1000; reduce maternal mortality by more than 50%, from 814 per 100,000 (2015); reduce HIV/AIDs infection rate by at least 40% and other infectious diseases by 20% within two years in government. Improve life expectancy by additional 1-2 years on average through our national healthy living program by fortifying the primary health care development aspect as well as increasing funding for the health sector.
- Increase the number of physicians from 19 per 1000 population to 25 per 1000; increase national health expenditure per person per annum to about N25,000 (from less than N10,000 currently); we shall plough from the rich experiences of the welfare states of western Europe, Cuba, the Peoples Republic of China.
- Promote alternative medicine and integrate same into the overall health system.
- Upgrade and increase the quality of all federal government owned hospitals to world class standard within four years;



- Formally adopt and invest in cutting edge technology such as telemedicine in all major health centers in the country through active investment and partnership programs with the private sector.
- Provide free ante-natal care for pregnant women, free health care for babies and children up to school going age and for the aged and free treatment for those afflicted with infectious diseases such as tuberculosis and HIV/AIDS;
- Boost the local manufacture of pharmaceuticals and make non adulterated drugs readily available.
- Train and re-train Health workers to keep up-to-date knowledge of health matters for the benefit of Nigerians.

iii) Senior Citizens, Youth, Sports and Culture

- Put in place system to ensure timely and prompt payments of retirement benefits for all pensioned senior citizens and create a social security welfare net for all aged citizens above the age of 65;
- Create the enabling environment for youths for self- actualization. to realize, harness, and develop their full potentials and to facilitate the emergence of a new generation of citizens committed to the sustenance of good governance and patriotic service to the Nigerian people and nation.
- Set up world class sports academy and training institutes and ensure that Nigeria occupies a place of pride in global sports and athletics;
- Generously fund through Public Private Initiatives the Nigerian football league and put incentives in place to make it as competitive as other national leagues to wit the English Premier League, the Italian League, the German League and the French League.
- Institute annual inter schools sports competition at all levels.
- Promote the development mini stadiums located in each senatorial area.
- Use sport to achieve unity and social cohesion
- Institutionalize through legislation measures and mechanisms to identify talents early and ensure their participation in local and international games to enable them become fully fledged professionals;
- Statutorily mandate schools and communities to create playgrounds/sports centers with needed equipment for skills development and acquisition;
- Support the Nollywood multibillion Naira film industry to fully develop into world class movie industry that can compete effectively with Hollywood and Bollywood in due season.

iv) **Environment:**

• Ensure compliance with policies and measures to halt the pollution of rivers and waterways in the Niger Delta and other parts of the country;



- Accelerate the afforestation program by creating shelter belts in states bordering the Sahara Desert to mitigate and reverse the effects of the expanding desert, to be in tandem with the policies and targets devised by all the relevant agencies of the United Nations Organization with respect to climate change;
- Support and accelerate the implementation of regional water transfer initiatives across the country;
- Take up and assume a multidisciplinary integrative holistic approach to erosion and shoreline protection across the country in tandem with the updating of our hydrographical data as at when due in order to be in consonance with best global practices;
- Generate volunteer teams on a sustainable national basis to plant and nurture to maturation economically viable trees in the arid and semi-arid regions of the country, also to create the correct synergies with neighboring countries across our borders given the junction and similarity of belts, territoriality and the imperative for linkages and collaboration;
- Restructure the Ecological Fund Office to enable it meet today's environmental challenges;
- Regulate the timber industry to ensure that double the number of trees felled are planted by the loggers;
- Ensure full compliance with town-planning and environmental laws and edicts.

PROVISION OF INFRASTRUCTURE

Infrastructure Provision

Undertake an urgent review of the Public Private Partnership (PPP) enabling environment with a view to addressing the legal, regulatory and operational challenges including introducing enabling legislation where necessary. In addition, we shall create a National Infrastructural Development Bank to provide loans at nominal interest rates exclusively for this sector to help rebuild our infrastructure and provide gainful employment;

• Embark on a National Infrastructural Development Program through PPP that will ensure the

(a) Construction of 3,000km of Superhighway and

(b) Building of up to 4,800km of modern railway lines – one third to be completed by second year of government;

- Enact new legal and regulatory frameworks to establish independent regulation and incentives to accelerate public and private sector investment in seaports, railways and inland waterways;
- Embark on PPP schemes with a view to ensuring that at least one functioning airport is available in any viable states.
- Facilitate provision of the under-listed infrastructures directly and indirectly through Public Private Partnership (PPP) to ensure the creation of economic opportunities and development. (Government shall ensure



where the private sector is involved and that the associated risks are analyzed and appropriately assigned, that there is value for money and that the price is affordable in line with economic realities.)

• Faithfully maintain the infrastructure throughout their service life, using a comprehensive maintenance policy to guide public service actions"

INFRASTRUCTURE			
Economic		Social	
Utilities	Transport	Others	
Water Systems	Roads	Parking	Hospitals
Wastewater Systems	Rail	Storage	Schools
Solid Waste Systems	Bridges	IT Facilities	Affordable Housing
Power & Electrical			
Systems	Airports	Cell towers	Resettlement Schemes
Oil & Gas	Seaports	Parks	New Towns
		Recreation &	
Dams	Transit facilities	Tourism	New Sat. Towns Devt.
Irrigation		Markets	Rural Development

i) Power Supply

Nigeria, a country of 177 million people with a GDP of over US Dollars (USD) 568 billion, has struggled to provide adequate and reliable power to its citizens and to support economic development. With poverty and electricity access rates at 46% and 45%, respectively (broken down as 55% of urban populations with access and 35% of rural populations with access), Nigeria delivers less Kilowatt-hours (kwhs) per capita than its neighbor Ghana which delivers 2.5 times as much power (361 kwh vs. 126 kwh per capita).

The objective of the ADP government is to increase electricity availability and access in Nigeria. This will be done by facilitating transactions and strengthening the enabling environment for private sector investment in the power sector. The key constraints to such investment: i) Lack of liquidity in the sector; ii) Non-commercial distribution companies (Discos); iii) Insufficient transmission capacity; iv) Lack of gas supply: v) Unexploited renewable energy potential; vi) Incomplete implementation of the transitional electricity market; vii) Overlapping regulation and oversight; viii) Weak institutional capacity; and ix) Clarification of roles ongoing with new sector leadership.

Though installed capacity stands at approximately 12,000 MW, barriers, including generation plants requiring repair and stranded generation due to a lack of transmission and gas supply, resulted in only approximately 4,000 MW of capacity, on average, being available online and providing energy to the grid during fiscal year 2016. The lack of sufficient, affordable and reliable electricity is a significant obstacle to achieving and sustaining economic



growth in Nigeria. Nigeria has significant untapped energy resources including natural gas and solar energy.

The sector will be radically repositioned to deliver on the following:

Generation at scale:

Increase private and public investment in gas supply, power generation and transmission to increase the MW of capacity available on grid;

• A minimum of 14 GW of clean on-grid power (including expansion by existing generation companies and new IPPs) brought to financial close by 2022

• Existing Gencos meet or exceed MW expansion commitments in their privatization agreements

• Elimination of 3 GW of stranded generation due to lack of dependable gas supply and transmission

• Privatization of 5,000 MW of NIPPs, including facilitating gas supply where required

• Selected distribution companies complete procurements of embedded generation adequate to supply paying customers

• Gas supply, including gas otherwise flared, is adequate to meet projected demand for gas by 2022 to power projects in Nigeria's generation expansion plan(s)

• Evacuation capacity of transmission system increased to evacuate 10,000 MW of generation

On-grid and off-grid connections:

Facilitate additional business and consumer connections to cleaner power supply, primarily through developing the off-grid solar market;

• Increased participation of companies serving the off-grid solar market in collaboration with international partners.

• Private sector investment in a minimum of 65 MW of off-grid power and 2.7 million direct new connections facilitated by 2022

Unlocking energy potential:

Improve the enabling environment to resolve bottlenecks to increase access and availability of electricity and private sector investment and participation;

- Competitive procurement policy and framework for procuring gas and solar generation fully implemented
- Gas pricing policy developed and implemented to enable gas to power projects to compete with other markets for gas supply

• Plan developed to expand transmission and distribution capacity to support a 15 GW grid system

PARTY MANIFESTO



• Propose and implement public-private partnerships to complement state budget and concessional financing for transmission to enable wheeling of 15 GW of capacity

Improve liquidity in the sector through facilitating distribution loss reduction, increased payment throughout the value chain, settlement of debts, and access to capital for investments.

• Transition Electricity Market fully implemented, including full payment for power and fuel supply throughout the power value chain

• Select Discos are able to pay approximately 100% for their power supply

• All Discos have either developed a plan (approved by the relevant agencies) for reaching the requirements of their privatization agreements, renegotiated the agreements, or have been consolidated/re-sold by the GON to investors willing and able to make the required improvements

ii) Water / Sanitation and Waste Management

- Fund State-wide study to determine the demand and strategies to provide potable water through the option of surface water (streams, rivers, earth dams) and underground water systems to the vast populace of the State.
- Develop and implement plans to supply water to all major towns in phases based upon the water and sanitation master plan.
- Rehabilitate and optimize existing facilities to ensure water and sanitation service delivery.
- Carry out institutional capacity building to provide management that is responsive to demand.
- Establish a practicable sanitation and solid waste management policy that emphasis waste prevention, minimization, reuse, recycling, energy recovery and disposal.
- Promote the setting up of composting plants / units for manufacture of compost as organic fertilizer for use in farms; given the fact that biodegradable component of our waste is between 40% to 70%.

iii) Transportation

- Develop and implement intermodal transportation logistics to address the land, water and air transportation needs.
- Provide transportation infrastructure as airport, water ports, stations and rest and parking areas planned and created for efficiency of transportation demands.
- Develop airports in towns where viable and a combination of airstrips and aerodromes for other towns.
- Maintain all roads to attain their life spans.



• Re-introduce road maintenance camps as appropriate and manned by well trained and equipped technical staff to respond to maintenance issues in a timely manner.

iv) Affordable Housing:

- Create affordable housing based upon system design and driven by technology to guarantee standards, quality, uniformity, speed of construction to meet demand.
- Arrange mortgage facilities through partnership with established funding agents of world repute to deliver mass housing.
- Provide bulk infrastructure (water, sewage, power, solid waste management, schools, business entities, public sector requirement, etc) in harmony with the landscape and demand projections.

v) New Towns Satellite Development:

- Develop other towns, equipped with necessary infrastructure that will make them functional at their optimum to be able to support economic growth and wellbeing.
- Develop Master plans to guide this development.

vi) Rural Development:

- Boost rural development to stem rural urban drift.
- Increase the capacity of the rural agency to provide basic infrastructure in all the villages with threshold level of population.
- Plan for labour intensity as a major policy to carry out works thereby linking the teaming youth to jobs and reduce unemployment.
- Establish capacity to undertaken master plan development of rural areas.

vii) Culture and **Tourism:**

- Promote the culture and ethical values of all peoples of the country and harness same for national integration and harmony.
- Promote cultural festivals to tourism and national understanding and cohesion.
- Collate data and information on all existing tourist sites.
- Develop a comprehensive State- wide master plan of potential tourist sites.
- Market the economic opportunities of the tourist potentials globally.
- Engage private sector financing and management for the development of tourism.

viii) Science and Technology:



- Put in place Science and Technology policy.
- Create technology Hub in all states and harness research findings for economic applications.
- Emphasis the teaching of Science and Technology at all levels in schools.

PROVISION OF SECURITY:

i) Primary Crime Prevention:

- Provide structured (i.e. multi-systemic, family preservation, home-based wrap-around or supportive) services which address the life conditions of the disadvantaged populace, especially the "at risk" youth. These services will focus on recreation, personal development and community integration.
- Establish diversionary schemes and reformatories for persons entering the criminal justice system for the first time
- Apply restorative justice (victim-offender conferencing, etc) philosophy to reduce fear of criminal victimization and increase empathy among community members
- Develop community-led preventive measures and security consciousness (such as "Neighborhood Watch", "Be Your Brother's Keeper", etc) at the various towns/villages to ensure vigilance over properties and appropriate handing of security reports.
- Undertake necessary law reforms to reduce criminalization, increase options for the police, courts and corrections in handling matters, and modernizing legal responses to the safety of life and property.

ii) Law Enforcement:

- Equip and support the Police to carry out their constitutional functions in line with international best practice.
- Organize State-level capacity building for the Police on community policing, crime detection and control.
- Develop effective models of policing responses to social change regarding violence, organized/complex crime, corruption, community complaints, operational accountability, and private security paradigm, and infringement notices method of processing minor offences.
- Establish "Adopt a Police" initiative in various communities to improve police-community relations and effective security of life and property.
- Entrench and establish a well-trained, rapid response, adequately equipped and goals driven Crime Squad to combat **insurgency**, kidnapping, armed robbery, militan**cy**, ethno-religious and communal clashes nationwide,



- Empower the Nigerian Police to put in place effective Community Police Units all over the federation
- Push for more support in the security and economic stability of the subregion [ECOWAS] and AU as a whole and maintain a strong, close and frank relationship with West Africa, South Africa, other African countries UK, USA and Canada.
- Treat security as an integrated affair by mainstreaming all occupations and social groups even the traditional chieftaincy institutions in intelligence gathering and monitoring in order to anticipate, intercept and apprehend breaches in the security system before they manifest and negatively impact the security health of the nation, a more forthcoming preventive disposition is a desideratum given the purview of an Action Democratic Party government specific to the critical issue of national security,

iii) Judicial Process:

- Equip the courts with international standard tools or new technologies for fast dispensing of justice, such as computerization of cases, digital recording of proceedings and electronic transcribing.
- Introduce performance management of case loads
- Develop further assizes to take justice closer to the grassroots and reduce time lags in case hearing and disposition.
- Support judicial personnel to attend capacity building trainings and conferences
- Develop a training program for Justices of Peace to enable them handle minor cases (e.g. traffic offences).
- Weed out costly inefficiencies while improving protections designed to guard against injustice and wrongful convictions.
- Reform and Strengthen the Justice System for efficient administration and dispensation of justice along with the creation of special courts for accelerated hearing of corruption, drug trafficking, terrorism and similar cases of national importance, GIVEN THAT Justice delayed is Justice denied.

iv) Correctional Services:

- Review current practices in custodial regimes to assess the prevailing philosophies (retributive, just desert, rehabilitation, etc).
- Equip correctional outfits with contemporary offender-management tools to improve the rate of success with rehabilitation.
- Apply the prerogatives of mercy in a transformative manner and other discretionary mechanisms to minimize over-criminalization and hardening effect of unjust treatment.
- Improve post-release support systems such as accommodation and linkage to training/employment services to ease offenders back into the society.

PARTY MANIFESTO



8. **DELIVERABLES**

To monitor performance of the administration, the following shall be the yard stick for evaluation:

S/No	Description	Performance Index	Remarks
1	Good Governance	Increased Human Security Index to at least 0.51 from 0.33. and the Human development Index from 0.514 0.65.	✓
2	Public Service Reengineering	Public service repositioned for efficient and effective service.	√
3	Unity And Social Cohesion	Absence of conflict and inter-ethnic violence over a long period. Increased social interaction.	~
4	Provision Of Quality Education	Increased in enrolment and adult literacy by at least 20%	✓
5	Poverty Alleviation	Reduction in 61% poverty rate to below 30% within two years of government.	✓
6	Employment Generation	Reduced unemployment rate by at least 10%. Achieve Real Growth Rate of employment of at least 5%.	√
7	Women And Youth Empowerment	Increased Gender Development Measure from 0.39 to about 0.550 and Gender Empowerment Measure from 0.07 to at least 0.300.	~
8	Agriculture	Farmers having access to all required farm inputs in a timely manner and sell at profit. Stop food importation by 3 year in government. Increased farming output by at least 100%.	√
9	Industrialization	Industrialization policy in place; established at least one industrial estate.	✓
10	Increased Internal Revenue Generation	Increased internal revenue generation by at least 50%.	✓
11	Access To Primary Health Care	Increased access to health to at least 75%.	✓
12	Infrastructure Provision As Follows:		
	Power Supply	Increased access to power supply from about 45% to 70% .	√
			✓
	Water And Sanitation	Attained access to potable water of 60% Attained access to safe sanitation to at least 20%.	✓
	TRANSPORTATION	Robust state transportation policy in place. Motorable condition of at least 50% of all federal roads achieved.	✓



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		Developed and integrate water and air	
		Developed and integrate water and air transportation infrastructure.	
	Affordable Housing	Reduced deficit of affordable housing by at least	
	Ajjoruubie mousing	10% housing units per year.	•
	Rural Development	Sustainable Mortgage scheme put in place.	
	Καται Development	Rural development policy in place.	✓
		Strengthened and empowered rural development	
		agency to carry out rural development activity state	
	Tourism Development	-wide.	
	Tourism Development	Tourism development master plan in place.	\checkmark
		Private sector participation in development in	
		tourism facilitated.	
			\checkmark
13	Science & Technology	Science and technology policy in place.	\checkmark
		Create technology centre in states to harness	
		research findings for economic applications.	
14	Sport	Instituted annual inter schools competition at all	\checkmark
		levels.	
		Promote the developed one mini stadiums located	
		in each senatorial areas and a befitting one for state	
		capital.	
		*	
15	Primary Crime	Reduced crime rate in the state by about 50%.	\checkmark
	Prevention		
16	Law Enforcement	Collaboration dynamics with all law enforcement	
10		agencies and enthronement of people centred	v
		service delivery established.	
17	Judicial Process	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
1/	Judicial 1 100055	Established efficient and effective judicial system	✓
18	Correctional Services	Established efficient and effective infrastructure for	\checkmark
		correction services.	
19	Basic Needs And	Improved life expectancy to at least 51 year from	✓
	Quality Of Life	about 48 years.	-
20	Future Generations	Established State -wide sustainable development	\checkmark
		plans using Environmental Management Process.	
	1		

PARTY MANIFESTO



8. PLEDGE

An opportunity to lead Nigeria is an opportunity to serve the people. It is an opportunity to change the fortune and destiny of the good people of Nigeria. In line with our vision for the Country, ADP shall enthrone good governance and insist on it down the line as a way of life.

Consequently,

- 1. ADP will be Honest, Hardworking, Humble, Fair, Just, and promote Peace & Unity.
- 2. ADP will create an atmosphere where things work, where values and hard work are respected and rewarded, where rights are not denied, where justice reigns.
- 3. ADP will lead by example, sacrificially and provide a transformation that Nigeria badly needs.
- 4. ADP administration will be transparent, accountable and anchored on integrity.
- 5. ADP believes in planning. ADP believes that a future that is not planned for cannot be realized. While ADP will engage in certain immediate projects to address critical needs of the Nation, all machineries for holistic planning for every venture has been put in place.
- 6. ADP believes in consultation. All stake holders will be consulted and carried along.
- 7. ADP will be accessible to the Electorate.
 - . Together we will make things happen in Nigeria.



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GOD BLESS NIGERIA